

Att'y Dkt. No. H-102U.S. App. No: 09/827,557**IN THE CLAIMS:***Please amend the claims as follows:*

1. (Currently Amended) A distributed, compressed bloom filter Web server providing reduced probabilities of false positives, comprising:
a plurality of cache servers each having a cache memory and a cache processor coupled to the memory that is operative (1) to represent Web objects stored in its cache memory as a compressed Bloom filter data array having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen to minimize the rate of false positives for a preselected transmission size when said preselected transmission size differs from said preselected array size, (2) to compress the Bloom filter data array to said transmission compression size, and (3) to periodically disseminate the compressed Bloom filter data array to neighboring servers when there is a change in its stored Web objects.
2. (Currently Amended) The distributed, compressed Bloom filter Web server providing reduced probabilities of false positives of claim 1, wherein the Bloom filter data array size is made as large as possible for a given cache memory size and the number of hash functions is chosen to minimize the rate of false positives for a preselected transmission size.
3. (Currently Amended) The distributed, compressed Bloom filter Web server providing reduced probabilities of false positives of claim 1, wherein arithmetic coding is employed to compress the Bloom filter data array to said transmission compression size.
4. (Currently Amended) The distributed, compressed Bloom filter Web server providing reduced probabilities of false positives of claim 1, wherein said cache processor is further operative to store in its cache memory at least one other decompressed Bloom filter data array each representative of the Web objects stored in a of another, at least one neighboring different Web server.
5. (Currently Amended) A method of reducing false positives in a network having distributed Web servers each storing information in cache memory as a Bloom filter

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data array representative of the information in its cache memory and broadcasting that data array to other Web servers periodically, comprising:

- 1) fixing a compression size for transmission of the Bloom filter data array at each Web server;
- 2) generating a Bloom filter data array representing a plurality of Web objects by choosing a the number of hash functions and an the array size so that the for a Bloom filter, wherein said chosen array size is greater than a fixed transmission size and said number of hash functions is chosen to data array minimizes the a rate of false positives in said Bloom filter data array after said Bloom filter data array has been compressed to said fixed transmission size, transmitted, and decompressed when it is compressed down to the fixed compression size; and
- 3) broadcasting the compressed Bloom filter data array of the fixed compression size to neighboring Web servers whenever there is a change in the contents of its cache memory.

6. (Currently Amended) A distributed computer network, comprising:
a plurality of periodically intercommunicating distributed network nodes;
each node including a cache memory and a processor coupled to the cache memory
operative to (1) represent in its memory contents as a compressed Bloom filter data structure
having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been
chosen for a target compression size to optimize at least one of the rate of false positives of
the Bloom filter representing the memory contents and the computational requirements of the
preselected number of hash functions when said target transmission size is less than said
preselected array size, to (2) compress the Bloom filter data structure to the target
compression size using a predetermined compression algorithm, and to (3) broadcast the
compressed Bloom filter data structure to at least one other node whenever the contents of its
cache memory has changed.

7. (Currently Amended) The distributed computer network of claim 6, wherein
said nodes are Web proxy servers.

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8. (Currently Amended) The distributed computer network of claim + 6, wherein said nodes are mobile or stationary agents in a network of mobile nodes, and the Web objects correspond to agent locations.

9. (Currently Amended) The distributed computer network of claim + 6, wherein said predetermined compression algorithm is arithmetic coding.

10. (Currently Amended) A method employing compressed Bloom filters for storing and transmitting data in a distributed network of nodes each having a processor coupled to a memory, comprising:

representing the data contents of a memory of a node as a compressed Bloom filter data structure stored in a memory of a node having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen to optimize at least one of the rate of false positives of the Bloom filter representing the data contents and the computational requirements of the preselected number of hash functions for a transmission compression size when said transmission compression size is less than said preselected array size;

compressing the Bloom filter data structure to the transmission compression size; and periodically transmitting the compressed Bloom filter data structure to at least one other node.

11. (Currently Amended) A method of storing data in memory for transmission, comprising:

representing the data in said memory as a compressed Bloom filter data structure in said memory having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen for a target transmission compression size to optimize at least one of the rate of false positives of the Bloom filter data structure representing the data and the computational requirements of the preselected number of hash functions when said target transmission compression size is less than said preselected array size.

12. (Currently Amended) A distributed computer network, comprising:
a plurality of periodically intercommunicating distributed network nodes;

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each node including a cache memory and processor coupled to the cache memory operative to (1) represent its memory contents as a ~~compressed~~ Bloom filter data structure having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen for a target rate of false positives to optimize at least one of the compression size of the Bloom filter representing the memory contents and the computational requirements of the preselected number of hash functions, to (2) compress the Bloom filter data structure to the target compression size using a predetermined compression algorithm, and to (3) broadcast the compressed Bloom filter data structure to at least one other node whenever the contents of its cache memory has changed.

13. The distributed computer network of claim 12, wherein said nodes are web proxy servers.

14. The distributed computer network of claim 12, wherein said nodes are mobile or stationary agents in a network of mobile nodes, and the Web objects correspond to agent locations.

15. The distributed computer network of claim 12, wherein said predetermined compression algorithm is arithmetic coding.

16. A method employing compressed Bloom filters for storing and transmitting data in a distributed network of nodes each having a processor coupled to a memory, comprising:

representing the data contents of the memory of a node as a ~~compressed~~ Bloom filter data structure stored in memory of a node, said Bloom filter data structure having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen to optimize ~~at least one of the~~ a transmission compression size of the Bloom filter data structure ~~representing the data contents and the computational requirements of the preselected number of hash functions~~ for a given rate of false positives;

compressing the Bloom filter data structure to the transmission compression size; and

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periodically transmitting the compressed Bloom filter data structure to at least one other node.

17. (Currently Amended) A method of storing data in memory for transmission, comprising:

representing the data as a compressed Bloom filter data structure in said memory, said Bloom filter data structure having a preselected number of hash functions and a preselected array size which have been chosen for a target rate of false positives to optimize at least one of the a transmission compression size of the Bloom filter data structure representing the data and the computational requirements of the preselected number of hash functions.